Annual Medication Management Conference

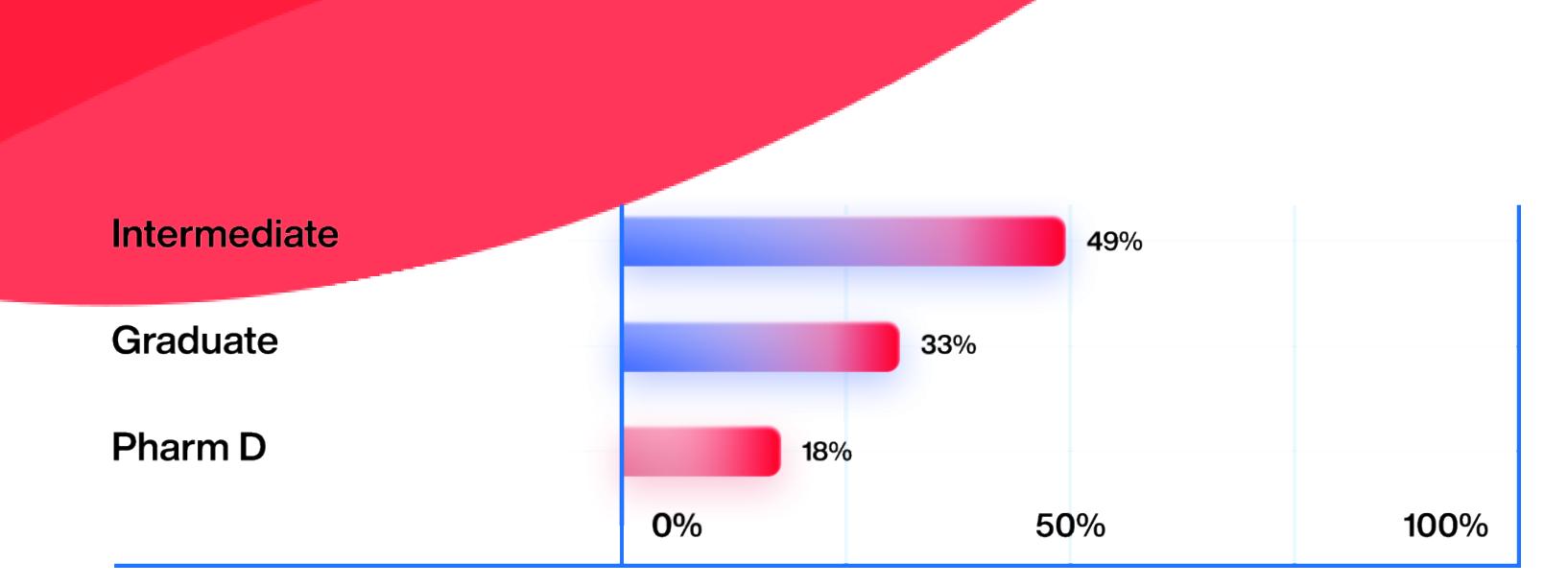
AMMC – SHIFA 2021



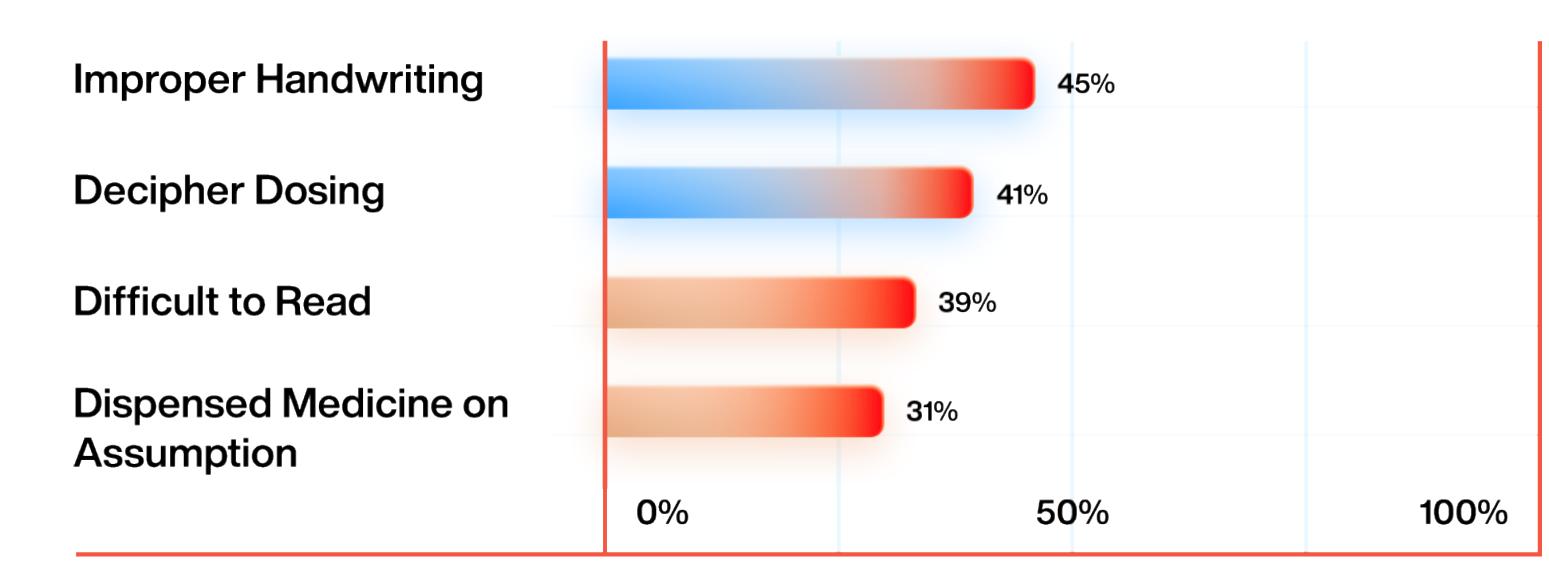
Prescription Errors due to Improper Handwriting

Rabia Munawwar ¹ and Sana Sarfaraz ²

- 1. Jinnah Sindh Medical University, Karachi, Pakistan
- 2. University of Karachi, Karachi, Pakistan



ACADEMIC DISTRIBUTION OF PROFESSIONALS WORKING IN PHARMACIES



DATA OF MEDICATION ERRORS

METHODOLOGY

It is a survey based study carried from different pharmacies/ Medical stores of Karachi. The total number N = 150 individuals working in these medical stores were questioned. The answers were recorded as open and close ended criteria. All results were analyzed in SPSS 21.

REFERENCES

Shrivastav AS, Sachdeva PD. MEDICATION ERROR: ITS TYPE, CAUSES, AND STRATEGIES TO AVOID THEM. Pharma Science Monitor. 2018 Jan 1;9(1).

Cerio AA, Mallare NA, Tolentino RM. Assessment of the legibility of the handwriting in medical prescriptions of doctors from public and private hospitals in Quezon City, Philippines. Procedia Manufacturing. 2015 Jan 1;3:90-7.

Yousef N, Yousef F. Using total quality management approach to improve patient safety by preventing medication error incidences. BMC health services research. 2017 Dec;17(1):1-6.

Alshaikh M, Mayet A, Aljadhey H. Medication error reporting in a university teaching hospital in Saudi Arabia. Journal of patient safety. 2013 Sep 1;9(3):145-9.









• •

.

.

.

.

.

BACKGROUND

Clear Readability is very essential for proper understanding of prescription. Prescription errors can also occur due to improper handwriting.

RESULTS

We found that 49% of inter pass, 33% graduate population are handling with prescription and only 18% of Pharm D population are working in the pharmacies. 45% of workers observe improper handwriting in 20-25 prescriptions/day. 41% found it difficult to decipher dosing directions in the prescription, whereas 39% found it difficult to read the drug strength/quantity mentioned. 42% managed to read the improper handwriting where as 31% dispensed the medicine based on assumption. 61% workers agreed that improper writing is one of the main reasons of dispensing and prescription error.

⁷ KEYWORDS

Prescription Error, Improper Handwriting, Pharmacies.

8 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Dr. Sana Sarfaraz
Assistant Professor
University of Karachi, Pakistan

OBJECTIVE

The current study was conducted to check impact of Physicians improper handwriting in causing prescription and dispensing errors in different pharmacies/ Medical stores.

CONCLUSION

This study revealed a high incidence of documentation errors in the traditional handwritten prescription process. The readability of the handwritten prescriptions was generally bad. Presence of Pharmacist in Medical stores / Pharmacies would reduce these errors to great extent because pharmacist has complete knowledge of drug, besides this pharmacist can contact the physician and confirm the drug prescribed. Replacing the traditional handwritten documentation process with information technology could potentially improve the safety in the medication process too.

CONTACT

Rabia Munawwar
Lecturer
JSMU - Karachi, Pakistan.

Ph.D. Scholar (Pharmacology) University of Karachi, Pakistan.

biya.arif@gmail.com 0331 2117746